## Strengthened District Health System for Epidemic Response and Control. A case of Kiruhura District

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Sept 2, 2022

## **Background**

- Kiruhura is located in South Western Uganda
- It has a population of 200,317 people
- It has 11 Sub counties, 3 town Councils, 56 parishes and 303
  Villages
- It has one PNFP hospital, one HCIV, 13 HCIIIs, 5 HCIIs
- All sub counties and town councils have a HCIII with the exception of only one sub county.

### Introduction

- COVID-19 outbreak started in 2019 globally, Uganda registered her first case in March 2020
- So far, the country has registered 169,396 cases, 100431 recoveries and 3628 deaths
- COVId-19 vaccination started in March 2021
- A total of 25,078,754 vaccine doses have been administered
- To date, no case of monkey pox has been registered in Uganda

# Leadership and Governance during COVID response and vaccination campaigns

- District led programming
- Weekly DHT meetings during COVID-19 response
- Daily DHT meetings during vaccination campaigns
- Community mobilization led by the political leadership
- Weekly District task force meetings
- Highly self-motivated DHT

## Health financing during COVID-19 response and vaccination

### Funding sources during COVID-19 response

- Full releases of PHC funds
- GAVI support for immunization
- COVID-19 response funds from MOH
- WHO funds for AMCV1 &2
- Supplementary PHC funds
- Donor funds

#### **Current financial sources**

- No GAVI funds
- No donor funds
- Partial release of PHC
- No COVID-19 response funds

### Logistics and supplies during COVID-19 response

- Availability of RDTs in all health facilities
- Made emergency orders that would be honored by NMS in time
- Procured medical equipment that enabled creation of pre referral treatment centre
- Steady supply of PPEs

## Strengthening Human resources for Health

- Recruitment of staff has been done, staffing improved from 63% in 2020 to 85.3% as of August 2022
- Three DHT trained in field epidemiology course
- Trained all health workers in IPC, COVID-19 testing and vaccination
- Trained a team of 12 staff in COVID-19 management
- Trained staff in Home based care
- Assignment of incident commander for COVID-19 vaccination
- Data entrants trained for COVID-19 vaccination data entry

# Strengthened Infrastructure and equipment during COVID-19 response

- Upgrade of 4 health centre IIs with support from UGIFT during COVID-19 outbreak
- Upgrade of one health centre under transitional development funds
- One health centre III created with support from Hunger project-
- Ambulance from MoH to provide emergency services
- COVID-19 response double cabin from MoH

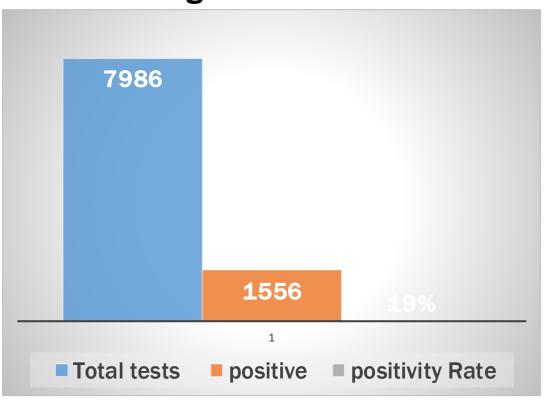
## **Monitoring and Evaluation**

- District led approach, developed own M&E system
- Daily COVID-19 situation reports discussed and harmonized for consistency and accuracy before submission
- COVID-19 whats-up platform that was used to report and monitor both response and vaccination
- Platform has been active for the last 2 years and include political, district leaders, DHT and health workers
- Platform has been used as a precursor to improve other indicators like
  TB
- Weekly surveillance reports that are discussed and adopted by DHT

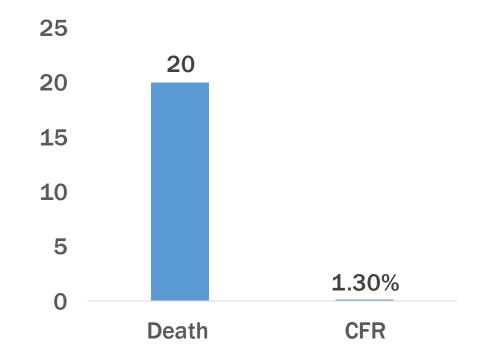
## Service delivery

- COVID-19 testing in all public health facilities, two PNFP facilities
- Availability of transport services to respond to alerts, rumors and contacts working 24 hours
- Opened a pre-referral treatment unit used to handle moderate and severe cases before referral
- Daily COVID vaccination in public health facilities
- Integration of COVID vaccination into routine immunization outreaches
- House to house vaccination in some sub counties

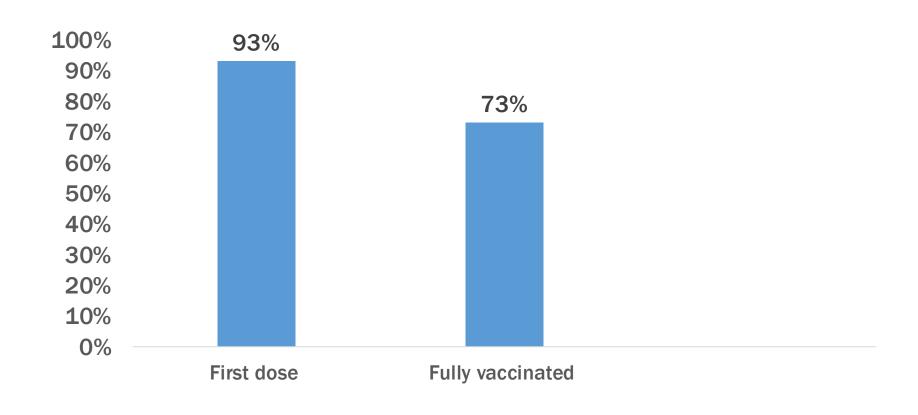
## Number of COVID-19 cases from 2020 to August 2022



## Case fatarity rate from 2020 to August 2022



# COVID-19 vaccination coverage, 18+ from March 2021-August 2022



## Challenges

- Multiple reporting centers at MoH leading to inconsistences between what is reported at the centre and district
- MoH only captured PCR results on the twitter account yet majority of people were tested using RDTs
- Late release of the 20% funds for AMCV1
- Failure of the ministry to release the 20% funds for AMCV2
- Delayed and partial payments of implementers in AMCV3 by FHi360 partners

#### Recommendations

- The ministry should streamline reporting and request for one comprehensive report per district
- Funds should be released once as whole batch for effective campaigns
- Funds should be released to Local Governments and given guidelines on how to spend

# Lessons learnt that can be adopted for Monkey Pox Virus response

- District led programming improves response to epidemics
- Strengthened human resource in capacity and numbers
- Strengthened M&E systems at District level
- Reduce parallel reporting at MoH
- Funds should be sent to District accounts

## Acknowledgement

- Kiruhura District local Government leadership
- MOH
- WHO
- USAID RHITES-SW
- UPMB
- Ankole Local partners Project
- Last Mile Health
- Fhi360
- Kiruhura District health care workers

## Thank you